SHIVAJI UNIVERSITY, KOLHAPUR

New Syllabi of M.A./M.Sc. Mathematics (Part I) (CBCS) (To be implemented in the Department of Mathematics, Shivaji University and in P.G. Centers in Affiliated Colleges) (with effect from 2018-2019)

1) Title of the course: M.A./M. Sc. (Mathematics)

M. Sc. (Mathematics) program has semester pattern and Choice Based Credit System. The program consists of 100 credits.

2) Structure of the course

The following table gives the scheme of Examination at M.A./M.Sc. Mathematics (Part I)according to the New Syllabus and pattern of Examination.

M.A./M.Sc.(Mathenmatics) Semester - I (25 credits)

Course Code	Title of course	Instruction	Duration	Marks-	Marks-(Internal)	Credits
		hrs/week	of Term	Term end	Continuous	
			end Exam	exam	Assessment	
MT 101	Advanced Calculus	5	3	90	30	5
MT 102	Linear Algebra	5	3	90	30	5
MT 103	Complex Analysis	5	3	90	30	5
MT 104	Classical Mechanics	5	3	90	30	5
MT 105	Ordinary Differential	5	3	90	30	5
	Equations					

M.A./M.Sc.(Mathematics) Semester - II (25 credits)

Course Code	Title of course	Instruction	Duration	Marks-	Marks-(Internal)	Credits
		hrs/week	of Term	Term end	Continuous	
			end Exam	exam	Assessment	
MT 201	Functional Analysis	5	3	90	30	5
MT 202	Algebra	5	3	90	30	5
MT 203	General Topology	5	3	90	30	5
MT 204	Numerical Analysis	5	3	90	30	5
MT 205	Partial Differential	5	3	90	30	5
	Equations					

Open Electives for PG Students:

Semester	Title of course	Instruction	Intake	Eligibility	Marks and Exam	Credits
		hrs/week	Capacity			
ODD	Classical Mechanics	5	15	Physics	As per MT 104	5
EVEN	Numerical Analysis	5	15	Science and	As per MT 204	5
				Technology		

M.A./M. Sc. (Mathematics) (Part I) (Semester I)

Course Code: MT 101

Title of Course: Advanced Calculus

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- (i) Analyze convergence of sequences and series of functions
- (ii) check differentiability of functions of several variables
- (iii)Apply inverse and implicit function theorems for functions of several variables
- (iv) Use Green's theorem, Stoke's Theorem, Gauss divergence Theorem.

Unit 1:

Sequences and series of functions: Pointwise convergence of sequences of functions, Examples of sequences of real valued functions, Definition of uniform convergence, Uniform convergence and continuity, Cauchy condition for uniform convergence, Uniform convergence and Riemann integration, Uniform convergence and differentiation, Equicontinuous family of functions.[1,2] **15 Lectures**

Unit 2:

Multivariable differential Calculus: The Directional derivatives, directional derivatives and continuity, total derivative, total derivatives expressed in terms of partial derivatives, The matrix of linear function, mean value theorem for differentiable functions, A sufficient condition for differentiability, sufficient condition for equality of mixed partial derivatives, Taylor's formula for functions from \mathbb{R}^n to \mathbb{R}^1 .[2,1]

15 Lectures

Unit 3:

Implicit functions: Functions of several variables, Linear transformations, Differentiation, Contraction principle, The inverse function theorem, The implicit function theorem and their applications.[1]

15 Lectures

Unit 4:

Integral Calculus: Path and line integrals, Multiple integrals Double integral (Theorems without proof)
Application to area and volume. (Theorems without proof) Greens theorem in the plane. Application of
Green's Theorem. Change of variables, special cases of transformation formula. Surface integral, change
of parametric representation. Other notations for surface integrals, Stoke's Theorem Curl and
divergence of a Vector field. Gauss divergence Theorem. [3]

Unit 5: Problems, Seminars, assignments, Examples etc. on units 1-4

15 Lectures

Recommended books:

- 1) Principles of mathematical Analysis, Walter Rudin, third Edition, McGraw Hill book company
- 2) Mathematical Analysis, Apostal, Second Edition, Narosa Publishing House.
- 3) Calculus Vol. II , Tom M. Apostol, Second EditionWiley India Pvt. Ltd. Reference books:
- 1) W.Fleming, Functions of several Variables, 2nd Edition, Springer Verlag, 1977.
- 2)J.R.Munkres, Analysis on Manifolds.

Course Code: MT 102

Title of Course: Linear Algebra

Course Outcomes: To introduce basic notions in Linear Algebra and use the results in developing advanced mathematics. To study the properties of Vector Spaces, Linear Transformations, Algebra of Linear Transformations and Inner product space in some details. To introduce and discuss Canonical forms and Bilinear forms.

After studying this course, students will have a demonstrable knowledge of Vector space, Linear Transformations, Canonical Forms and Bilinear Transformations.

Unit I:Basic concepts of vector space, Dual Spaces, Annihilator of a subspace, Quotient Spaces.Inner product spaces, Algebra of Linear transformations.15 Lectures

Unit II: Eigen values and eigenvectors of a linear transformation. Diagonalization. Invariant subspaces, Similarity of linear transformations.

15 Lectures

Unit III: Triangular form, Nilpotent transformations, Primary decomposition theorem, Jordan blocks and Jordan forms, Rational Canonical Form, Trace and transpose, Determinants, Real Quadratic forms.

15 Lectures

Unit IV: Hermitian, Self adjoint, Unitary and normal linear transformation, Symmetric bilinear forms, skew symmetric bilinear forms, Group preserving bilinear forms.15 Lectures

Unit V: Examples, seminars, group discussions on above four units.

15 Lectures

Recommended Book(s):

- 1. Herstein I. N.: Topics in Algebra, 2nd Edition, Willey Eastern Limited.
- 2. Hoffman, Kenneth and Kunze R: Linear Algebra, Prentice Hill of India Private Limited., 1984.

- 1. A. R. Rao and P. Bhimashankaran, Linear Algebra, Hidustan Book Agency.
- 2. Surjit Singh, Linear Algebra, Vikas publishing House (1997).
- 3. Gilbert Strang: Introduction to Linear Algebra, Wellesley-Cambridge Press

Course Code: MT 103

Title of Course: Complex Analysis

Course Outcomes: The course is designed to familiarize fundamental concepts of complex analysis. This course includes topics such as analytic functions, Conforma maps, Taylor and Laurent series, singularity, Residue Theorem, Riemann mapping theorem. After completion of this course students will be able to enjoy the beauty of analytic functions and related concepts, use residue theorems to evaluate real integrals.

Unit 1: Power series, Radius of convergence, analytic functions, Cauchy-Riemann equations, Harmonic functions, Conformal mappings, Mobius Transformations, line integral.

15 Lectures

Unit 2: Power series representation of analytic functions, zeros of an analytic function, Liouville's Theorem, Fundamental theorem of algebra, maximum modulus theorem, the index of a closed curve, Cauchy's theorem and integral formula, Morera's Theorem.

15 Lectures

Unit 3: Counting zeros, open Mapping theorem, Goursat's Theorem, classification of singularities, Laurent series development, Casorati–Weierstrass theorem, residues, residue theorem, evaluation of real integrals.

15 Lectures

Unit 4: The argument principle, Rouche's theorem, the maximum principle, Schwarz's lemma and its application to characterize conformal maps, Riemann mapping theorem.

15 Lectures

Unit 5: Examples seminars, group discussions on above four units.

15 Lectures

Recommended Book:

1. J. B. Conway: Functions of One Complex Variable (3rd Edition) Narosa Publishing House.

References:

- 1. S.Ponnusamy, Foundations of Complex Analysis, Narosa Publishing House.
- 2. Alfors L. V.: Complex Analysis, McGraw 1979.
- 3. Churchill and Brown, Complex Variables and applications, MacGraw Hill(India). (8th Edition, 2014)
- 4. Serge Lang, Complex Analysis, Springer
- 5. Steven G. Krantz, Complex Analysis, A Geometric view Point, The Carus Mathematical Monographs.
- 6. T. W. Gamelin, Complex Analysis, Springer.

Course Code: MT 104

Title of Course: Classical Mechanics

Course Outcomes: Having successfully completed this course, the students will be able to-

- Discuss the motion of system of particles using Lagrangian and Hamiltonian approach.
- Solve extremization problems using variational calculus.
- Discuss the motion of rigid body.

UNIT – I: Mechanics of a particle, Mechanics of a system of particles, conservation theorems, constraints, Generalized coordinates, D' Alembert's Principle, Lagrange's equations of motion, Simple applications of Lagrangian formulation, Cyclic co-ordinates and generalised momentum, conservation theorems

15 Lectures

UNIT – II: Functionals, basic lemma in calculus of variations, Euler- Lagrange's equations, first integrals of Euler- Lagrange's equations, Geodesics in a plane and space, the minimum surface of revolution, the case of several dependent variables Undetermined end conditions, the problem of Brachistochrone, Isoperimetric problems, problem of maximum enclosed area. Hamilton's Principle, Derivation of Hamilton's principle from D'Alembert's principle, Lagrange's equations from Hamilton's principle. Lagrange's equations of motion for nonconservative systems (Method of Langrange's undetermined multipliers)

15 Lectures

UNIT – III: Hamiltonian function, Hamilton's canonical equations of motion, cyclic coordinates and Routh's procedure, Derivation of Hamilton's equations from variational principle, Physical significance of Hamiltonian, The principle of least action.

Orthogonal transformations, Properties of transformation matrix, infinitesimal rotations.

15 Lectures

UNIT – IV: The Kinematics of rigid body motion: The independent co-ordinates of a rigid body, the Eulerian angles, Euler's theorem on motion of rigid body, Angular momentum and kinetic energy of a rigid body with one point fixed, the inertia tensor and moment of inertia, Euler's equations of motion, Cayley- Klein parameters, Matrix of transformation in Cayley- Klein parameters, Relations between Eulerian angles and Cayley- Klein parameters. **15 Lectures**

Unit V: Examples, seminars, group discussions on above four units.

15 Lectures

Recommended Books:

- 1) Goldstein, H. Classical Mechanics. (1980), Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 2) Weinstock: Calculus of Variations with Applications to Physics and Engineering (International Series in Pure and Applied Mathematics). (1952), Mc Graw Hill Book Company, New York.

Reference Books :- 1) Whittaker, E. T. A treatise on the Analytical Dynamics of particles and rigid bodies. (1965), Cambridge University Press.

- 2) Gupta, A. S. Calculus of Variations with Applications (1997), Prentice Hall of India.
- 3) Gelfand, I. M. and Fomin, S. V. Calculus of Variations (1963), Prentice Hall of India.
- 4) Rana, N.C. and Joag, P. S. Classical Mechanics. (1991) Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.

Course Code: MT 105

Title of Course: Ordinary Differential Equations

Course Outcomes: The aim of this course is to study basic notions in Differential Equations and use the results in developing advanced mathematics. After completion of this course students will able to solve application problems modeled by linear differential equations and will able to use power series methods to solve differential equations about ordinary points and regular singular points.

(v) UNIT No. of Lectures

Unit – I: Linear Equations with variable coefficients: Initial value problems for the homogeneous equations. Solutions of the homogeneous equations, The Wronskian and linear independence, Reduction of the order of a homogeneous equation, The non-homogeneous equations, Homogeneous equations with analytic coefficients, The Legendre equations.

15 Lectures

Unit - II: Linear Equations with regular singular points: The Euler equations, Second order equations with regular singular points, The Bessel equation, Regular singular points at infinity.

15 Lectures

Unit - III: Existence and uniqueness of solutions to first order equations: The method of successive approximations, The Lipschitz condition of the successive approximation. Convergence of the successive approximation, Non-local existence of solutions, Approximations to solutions and uniqueness of solutions.

15 Lectures

Unit – IV: Existence and Uniqueness of Solutions to System of first order ordinary differential equations: An example- Central forces and planetary motion, Some special equations, Systems as vector equations, Existence and uniqueness of solutions to systems, Existence and uniqueness for linear systems, Green's function, Sturm Liouville theory.

15 Lectures

Unit -V: 15 Lectures

Examples, Problems, assignments, seminars etc. based on Units 1-4 above.

Recommended books:

- 1) E.A.Coddington: An introduction to ordinary differential equations. (2012) Prentice Hall of India Pvt.Ltd. New Delhi.
- 2) G. Birkoff and G.G.Rota: Ordinary Differential equations, John Willey and Sons
- 3) Mark Pinsky: Partial differential equations and boundary-value problems with applications, AMS,3rd edition(2011).

- **1.** G.F. Simmons Differential Equations with Applications and Historical note, MeGraw Hill, Inc. New York. (1972)
- **2.** E.A. Coddington and Levinson: Theory of ordinary differential equations McGraw Hill, New York(1955)
- 3.E.D. Rainvills: Elementary differential equations, The Macmillan company, New York. (1964)

M.A./M. Sc. (Mathematics) (Part I) (Semester II)

(i)Course Code:MT201

(ii) Title of Course: Functional Analysis

(iii) Course Outcomes: The course is designed to familiarize the students with the fundamental topics, principles and methods of functional analysis. After studying this course, students will have a demonstrable knowledge of normed spaces, Banach spaces, Hilbert space, continuous linear transformations between such spaces, bounded linear functionals and finite dimensional spectral theorem.

Unit I: Normed linear spaces, Banach spaces, Quotient spaces, Continuous linear transformations, Equivalent norms, Finite dimensional normed spaces and properties, Conjugate space and separability, The Hahn-Banach theorem and its consequences.

15 Lectures

Unit II: Second conjugate space, the natural embedding of the normed linear space in its second conjugate space, Reflexivity of normed spaces, The open mapping theorem, Projection on Banach space, the closed graph theorem, the conjugate of an operator, the uniform boundedness principle.

15 Lectures

Unit III: Hilbert spaces: examples and elementary properties, Orthogonal complements, The projection theorem, Orthogonal sets, The Bessel's inequality, Fourier expansion and Perseval's equation, separable Hilbert spaces, The conjugate of Hilbert space, Riesz's theorem, The adjoint of an operator.

15 Lectures

Unit IV: Self adjoint operators, Normal and Unitary operators, Projections, Eigen values and eigenvectors of an operator on a Hilbert space, The determinants and spectrum of an operator, The spectral theorem on a finite dimensional Hilbert space.

15 Lectures

Unit V: Examples, seminars, group discussions on above four units.

15 Lectures

Recommended Book(s):

1. G. F. Simmons, Introduction to Topology and Modern Analysis, Tata McGraw Hill, 1963.

- 4. Erwin Kreyszig, Introductory Functional Analysis with Applications, John Wiley and Sons, 1978
- 5. A. E. Taylor, Introduction to Functional analysis, John Wiley and sons, 1958.
- 6. J. B. Convey, A course in Functional Analysis, Springer-Verlag, 1985.
- 7. G. Bachman and L. Narici, Functional Analysis, Academic Press, 1972.
- 8. B. V. Limaye, Functioned Analysis, New age international, 1996.

(i)Course Code:202

(ii) Title of Course: Algebra

(iii)Course Outcomes: To study group theory and ring theory in some details. To introduce and discuss module structure over a ring. After studying this course, students will have a demonstrable knowledge of groups, polynomial rings and modules.

Unit I: Groups of permutations, Simple groups, simplicity of A_n (n > 5), Commutator subgroups, normal and subnormal series, Jordan-Holder theorem, Solvable groups, isomorphism theorems, Zassenhaus Lemma, Schreier refinement theorem.

15 Lectures

Unit II: Group action on a set, fixed sets and isotropy subgroups, Burnside theorem, Sylow theorems, p-groups, Applications of the Sylow theory and Class equation.

15 Lectures

Unit III: Rings of polynomials, factorization of polynomials over fields, the division algorithm in F[x], irreducible polynomials, Eisenstein criteria, ideals in F[x], uniqueness of factorization in F[x], unique factorization domains, principal ideal domain, Gauss lemma, Euclidean Domains.

15 Lectures

Unit IV: Modules, sub-modules, quotient modules, homomorphism and isomorphism theorems, fundamental theorem for modules, Simple modules, Schur's lemma, Artinian and Noetherian modules.

15 Lectures

Unit V: Examples, seminars, group discussions on above four units.

15 Lectures

Recommended Book(s):

- 3. John B. Fraleigh, A first course in Abstract Algebra (Third Edition), Narosa publishing house, New Delhi.
- 4. C. Musili, Introduction to Rings and Modules (Second Revised Edition), Narosa Publishing house, New Delhi.

- 9. Joseph A. Gallian, Contemporary Abstract Algebra (Fourth Edition), Narosa Publishing house, New Delhi.
- 10. Bhattacharya, Jain and Nagpal, Basic Abstract Algebra, 2nd edition, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 11. I. N. Herstein, Topics in Algebra, Vikas Publishing House.
- 12. N. Jacobson, Basic Algebra, Hind Publishing Corporation, 1984.

M. A. / M. Sc. Mathematics (Part I) (Semester II)

(Choice Based Credit System)

(Introduced from June 2018 onwards)

(i)Course Code:203

(ii) Title of Course: General Topology

(iii) Course Outcomes: The Subject of topology serves to lay the foundations for future study in analysis, in geometry, and in algebraic topology. The objective of this course is to introduce the fundamental concepts in topological spaces. After studying this course, students will have a demonstrable knowledge of topological spaces, product spaces, and continuous functions on topological spaces, compact and connected sets in topological spaces, Separation and countability axioms, Urysohn lemma, Urysohn metrization theorem and the Tychonoff theorem.

Unit I: Topological Spaces, Basis for a Topology, The Order Topology, The Product Topology on $X \times Y$, The Subspace Topology, Closed Sets and Limit Points, Continuous Functions.

15 Lectures

Unit II: The Product Topology, The Metric Topology, Connected Spaces, Connected Subspaces of the Real Line, Components and Local Connectedness.

15 Lectures

Unit III: Compact Spaces, Compact Subspaces of the Real Line, Limit Point Compactness,Local Compactness, The Countability Axioms.15 Lectures

Unit IV:, The Separation Axioms, Normal Spaces, The Urysohn Lemma, The Urysohn Metrization Theorem (Only statement and its importance), The Tietze Extension Theorem (Only statement and its importance), The Tychonoff Theorem.

15 Lectures

Unit V: Examples, seminars, group discussions on above four units.

15 Lectures

Recommended Book:

1. J. R. Munkers, Topology, Second Edition, Pearson Education (Singapore), 2000.

- 1. W. J. Pervin, Foundations of General Topology, Academic Press, New York, 1964.
- 2. J. L. Kelley, General Topology, Springer-Verlag, New York, 1955.
- 3. S. Willard, General Topology, Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, 1970.
- 4. K. D. Joshi, Introduction to General Topology, New Age International, 1983.
- 5. G. F. Simmons, Introduction to Topology and Modern Analysis, McGraw Hill Book Company, New Delhi, 1963.

- (i) Course Code MT 204
- (ii) Title of Paper: Numerical Analysis
- (iii) Course Outcomes:

Having successfully completed this course, the students will be able to--

- Discuss the methods to solve linear and nonlinear equations.
- Find numerical integration and analyze error in computation.
- Solve differential equations using various numerical methods.

Unit I 15 Lectures

Algebraic and transcendental equations:

Rate of Convergence of Secant method, Regula Falsi method and Newton-Raphson method. Bairstow method.

System of linear equations: Matrix factorization methods (Doo little reduction, Crout reduction), Eigen values and eigenvectors, Gerschgorin theorem, Brauer theorem, Jacobi method for symmetric matrices.

Unit II 15 Lectures

Numerical Integration: Error estimates of trapezoidal and Simpson's numerical integration rule. Gauss-Legendre integration methods (n=1, 2), Lobatto integration method (n=2), Radau integration method (n=2) and their error estimates.

Unit III 15 Lectures

Runge–Kutta Methods: Second order methods, The coefficient tableau, Third order methods (without proof), order conditions, Fourth order methods (without proof), Implicit Runge–Kutta methods, Stability characteristics.

Taylor Series Methods: Introduction to Taylor series methods, Manipulation of power series, An example of a Taylor series solution.

Unit IV 15 Lectures

Linear Multistep Methods: Adams methods, General form of linear multistep methods, Predictor—corrector Adams methods, Starting methods.

Analysis of Linear Multistep Methods: Convergence, Consistency, Sufficient conditions for convergence, Stability Characteristics.

Unit V 15 Lectures

Problems, assignments, seminars etc. based on Units 1-4 above.

Recommended Books:

- 1. Numerical methods for scientific and Engineering Computation, M.
- K. Jain, S. R. K. Iyengar, R. K. Jain, New Age International Limited Publishers, 6th edition. (For Units 1 and 2)
- 2. Numerical methods for ordinary differential equations, J.C. Butcher, John Wiley & Sons Ltd, 2nd edition. (For Units 3 and 4)

- 1. Discrete variable methods in ordinary differential equations, P. Henrici, John Wiley &Sons Ltd.
- 2. Introductory methods of Numerical Analysis' S. S. Sastry, Prentice Hall of India New Delhi.
- 3. Numerical solutions of Differential Equations by M. K. Jain

Course Code: MT 205

Title of Course: Partial Differential Equations

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- i. Classify partial differential equations and transform into canonical form
- ii. Solve linear partial differential equations of both first and second order.
- iii. Solve boundary value problems for Laplace's equation, the heat equation, the wave equation by separation of variables, in Cartesian, polar, spherical and cylindrical coordinates.

Unit I: 15 Lectures

Curves and surfaces, First order Partial Differential Equations, classification of first order partial differential equations, classifications of Integrals, Linear equations of first order. Pfaffian differential equations, Criteria of Integrability of a Pfaffian differential equation. Compatible systems of first order partial differential equations.

Unit II: 15 Lectures

Charpits method, Jacobi method of solving partial differential equations, Cauchy Problem, Integral surfaces through a given curve for a linear partial differential equations, for a non-linear partial differential equations. Method of characteristics to find the integral surface of a quasi linear partial differential equations.

Unit III: 15 Lectures

Second order Partial Differential Equations. Origin of Partial differential equation, wave equations, Heat equation. Classification of second order partial differential equation, Vibration of an infinite string (both ends are not fixed), Physical Meaning of the solution of the wave equation. Vibration of an semi infinite string, Vibration of a string of finite length, Method of separation of variables, Uniqueness of solution of wave equation. Heat conduction Problems with finite rod and infinite rod.

Unit IV: 15 Lectures

Families to equipotential surfaces, Laplace equation, Solution of Laplace equation, Laplace equation in polar form, Laplace equation in spherical polar coordinates. Kelvin's inversion theorem. Boundary Value Problems: Dirichlets problems and Neumann problems, Maximum and minimum principles, Stability theorem. Dirichlet Problems and Neumann problems for a circle, for a rectangle and for a upper half plane, Duhamel's Principle.

Unit V: 15 Lectures

Examples, seminars, group discussions on above four units.

Recommended Book:

1. T. Amarnath: An elementary course in Partial differential equations, 2nd edition, Narosa publishing House(2012).

- 1. Mark Pinsky: Partial differential equations and boundary-value problems with applications, AMS,3rd edition(2011).
- 2. I. N. Sneddon: Elements of Partial Differential Equations, McGraw Hill Int.
- 3. Fritz John: Partial Differential Equations, Springer (1952).

1. Nature of the Theory Question Papers:

- 1. There shall be 7 questions each carrying 18 marks
- 2. Question No.1 is compulsory. It consists of objective type questions.
- 3. Students have to attempt any four questions from Question No.2 to Question No.7.
- 4. Question No.2 shall consists of short-answer type sub-questions
- 5. Question No.2 to Question No.7 shall consists of descriptive-answer type questions /sub-questions.